***Класс: 9***

***Тема: “Shopping and Money”***

***Форма организации урока: урок - экскурсия (шопинг - тур по магазинам Лондона)***

*Цели урока:*

***Практическая цель:*** *развитие умений в ознакомительном чтении и говорении, формирование социокультурной компетенции*

***Воспитательная цель:*** *формирование положительного отношения к изучаемому языку, уважения к культуре стран изучаемого языка.*

***Развивающая цель:*** *развитие памяти, внимания и мышления, а также логичности и доказательности в высказываниях.*

***Образовательная цель:*** *расширение кругозора, знакомство со знаменитыми торговыми марками Великобритании, получение представления о способах оплаты покупок.*

*Задачи урока:*

*развитие умений в чтении (ознакомительное + изучающее чтение)*

*знакомство учащихся со знаменитыми торговыми марками Великобритании.*

*знакомство со способами оплаты покупок*

*Оснащение урока: учебник, интерактивная доска, персональный компьютер, специально подготовленный языковой материал (тексты, упражнения, презентация).*

*Межпредметные связи: иностранный язык с элементами страноведения*

*Основные понятия, изучаемые на уроке: types of money: cash, a cheque, bank card, types of shops*

*Планируемые образовательные результаты:*

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| *Предметные* | *Личностные* | *Метапредметные* |
| *Развитие умений в чтении и говорении в рамках темы “Shopping and Money”* | *Формирование мотивации к учению, желания выполнять учебные действия. Воспитание субъекта межкультурной коммуникации.* | *Умение переносить накопленный опыт из одной сферы познания в другую, работать с информацией и обращаться к различным её источникам.* |

*Универсальные учебные действия (УУД)*

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Личностные* | *Познавательные* | *Коммуникативные* | *Регулятивные* |
| *Формирование желания выполнять учебные действия, мотивации и рефлексии.* | *Умение анализировать информацию и систематизировать её.* | *Умение вступать в контакт с учителем и со сверстниками, Умение с достаточной полнотой и точностью выражать свои мысли в соответствии с задачами и условиями коммуникации* | *Умение самоорганизации. Умение оценивать успешность своих учебных результатов.* |

*Ход урока:*

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Этап* | *Задача* | *Содержание* | *Время* |
| *Организационный момент* | *Обеспечение готовности учащихся к уроку, информирование учащихся о ходе урока* | *Good day, my dear pupils! I'm glad to see you at our lesson. The topic of our lesson is "Shopping and money". We are going to talk about shopping first, and then we will discuss the money matters.* | *1 мин* |
| *Речевая зарядка* | *Погружение в языковую среду* | *So let's get down to our work. I have some questions for you:**Do you like shopping?**What famous shops in St. Petersburg do you know?**What is shopping for you?**What kinds of shops do you know?**Why do people need money?* | *2 мин* |
| *Развитие умений в чтении (ознакомительное чтение)* |
| *Подготовительный этап - снятие трудностей* | *Снятие фонетических трудностей* | *Учащиеся называют остановки тура-шопинга по Лондону. Это - этап снятия фонетических трудностей, представленных названиями торговых марок Лондона.**Well, let us start our trip! Let’s go shopping. Our first stop is Harrods, our next stop is Selfridges, stop 3 is Liberty, then we go to Foyles, and Sainsbury’s is our last stop. Let us name all the stops: Harrods, Selfridges, Liberty, Foyles, Sainsbury’s* | *15 мин* |
| *Собственно чтение + проверка понимания* | *Развитие умения ознакомительного чтения + контроль понимания прочитанного текста* | *The sales representatives of different British shops will tell us about their goods. Let us learn more about these famous shops. Учащиеся читают текст с описанием различных магазинов Лондона. Текст вынесен на слайды презентации, которая транслируется всему классу с помощью интерактивной доски.* |
| *Физкультминутка* | *Активизация физической деятельности* | *Well, let us buy some goods! Well, let us buy some goods! Repeat after me.We bend down for a shopping basket. Bend down low. Good. Then we go fast along the departments of the shop. We pick some vegetables at the green grocer’s. We continue going. Watch left, watch right. Look. There are cash boxes. We’re ready to pay. Let’s stop here.* | *1 мин* |
| *Развитие умений в чтении (изучающее чтение)* |
| *Подготовительный этап - снятие трудностей* | *Снятие фонетических трудностей* | *As you know we can't pay for the products if we haven’t got money, credit cards or cheques. To pay for our products we must choose how to pay for them. Repeat after me we can pay: in cash, by cheque, by a bank card.* | *19 мин* |
| *Собственно чтение + проверка понимания* | *Развитие умения изучающего чтения + контроль понимания прочитанного текста* | *Учащиеся читают текст для ознакомительного чтения, затем обсуждают способы оплаты покупок и роль денежных средств в современном мире.**So let's talk about money. But at first we will read the text. Good! So how can we pay for products? Right! Money is not only bills and coins. Nowadays we have different kinds of money.**Why and when do we use these types of money? Tell me please what you associate money with?**Explain your choice, please.* |
| *Инструктаж по выполнению домашнего задания* | *Обеспечение понимания учащимися целей, содержания и способов выполнения домашнего задания* | *В качестве домашнего задания учащимся будет необходимо пересказать прочитанное.**Пересказ текста будет подготовлен учащимися дома. Your home task is to retell the text. Please try to retell close to the text.* | *1 мин* |
| *Подведение итогов урока* | *Учитель оценивает успешность достижения целей урока, комментирует работу учащихся на уроке.* | *We did a good job today. Now we know where to go shopping in London and how to pay for the goods! Thank you for the good job! You all worked hard! Goodbye!* | *1 мин* |

*Речь учителя:*

***1. Организационный момент + Речевая зарядка***

*Good day, my dear pupils! I'm glad to see you at our lesson. The topic of our lesson is "Shopping and money". We are going to talk about shopping first, and then we will discuss the money matters. So let's get down to our work. I have some questions for you:*

*Do you like shopping?*

*What famous shops in St. Petersburg do you know?*

*What is shopping for you?*

*What kinds of shops do you know?*

*Why do people need money?*

***2) Развитие умений в чтении (ознакомительное чтение) + проверка понимания прочитанного***

*You've named some famous shops in our city, and now we can take a trip to London and go shopping there. We will be travelling by bus. Well, let us start our trip! Let’s go shopping. Our first stop is Harrods, our next stop is Selfridges, stop 3 is Liberty, then we go to Foyles, and Sainsbury’s is our last stop. Let us name all the stops: Harrods, Selfridges, Liberty, Foyles, Sainsbury’s. The sales representatives of different British shops will tell us about their goods.*

***Чтение: POPULAR SHOPS IN LONDON***

***Harrods*** *is the most famous London’s department store. Harrods has about 230 department stores, among them 16 food stores and 34 fashion clothes departments. The store runs a library, has a bank, offers sightseeing tours, and it has even a kennel for customers’ dogs. Harrods is not just a department store, it is a popular tourist destination. Everyday more than 50 000 customers visit Harrods.*

***Selfridges*** *is one of the best places to visit in London for its stylish mix of fashion, furniture, food and beauty. Located in Oxford Street, Selfridges is the ultimate shopping experience and the destination for all the latest in the world of fashion. It was opened on March 15, 1909 and was designed as a department store from the beginning. Its founder, Harry Gordon Selfridge, boasted that he "made the store the third biggest attraction for sightseers in London," next to Buckingham Palace and the Tower of London.*

***Liberty****, located in Regent Street, is the region's top shopping destination. It was first built in 1968 on land known as 'Liberty'. There are over 100 top name shops, including a wide range of fashion, lifestyle retailers and independent names. The Liberty also hosts a variety of exciting events throughout the year.*

***Foyles*** *is one of London's most famous bookshops. It has five floors crammed with every kind of book imaginable. The store has been on Charing Cross Road since 1906 and still stocks the UK's largest range of books. Shoppers can also relax and listen to music in Ray's Jazz Café or visit the art gallery.*

***Sainsbury´s*** *is one of the oldest shops with rich history in the city of London. It opened its first store in 1869 and, slowly, became one of the city´s most important supermarkets. It is open 24 hours. This store has everything necessary. You can visit the store at any time and find exactly what you need: from food stuffs to computer games as well as clothes and technology. If your camera´s batteries have run out, Sainsbury´s will sort you out and, if you´re hungry when everything else is closed, this is definitely the place to go.*

*Контроль понимания прочитанного:*

*Ok, we've got a lot of useful information. And now I want you to help my friend. In a few weeks he is going to England and of course he will do shopping. Please give him advise what shop he should visit to buy 1) clothes, 2) food and drinks, 3) bestsellers and e-books. Thank you, I think you've helped my friend.*

***3)Физкультминутка***

*Well, let us buy some goods! Repeat after me. We bend down for a shopping basket. Bend down low. Good. Then we go fast along the departments of the shop. We pick some vegetables at the green grocer’s. We continue going. Watch left, watch right. Look. There are cash boxes. We’re ready to pay. Let’s stop here.*

***2) Развитие умений в чтении (изучающее чтение) + проверка понимания прочитанного***

*Money, money, money: As you know we can't pay for the products if we haven’t got money, credit cards or cheques. As you know we can't pay for the products if we haven’t got money, credit cards or cheques. To pay for our products we must choose how to pay for them. Repeat after me we can pay: in cash, by cheque, by a bank card.*

*So let's talk about money. But at first we will read the text.*

***Чтение: SHOPPING: THE WORLD OF MONEY***

*Life in the modern world is unthinkable without shops where we can buy food, clothes or other things we may need. We buy white and brown bread, rolls, buns and pastries at the baker’s and go to the butcher’s for sausages, bacon, ham and all sorts of meat: beef, pork, mutton and chicken. Greengrocers supply us with vegetables, such as carrots, potatoes, tomatoes, peas, cucumbers and also with fruit: grapes, pears, plums, tangerines. Confectionary shops are the most popular with children because they provide chocolate, caramels and all kinds of sweets. At the beginning of a school year, stationeries are full of children and their parents who buy copy-books, paper, pens, pencils, paints, brushes, glue and other things children may need at school. A lot of women are fond of shopping at department stores as they have a great variety of goods in stock: ready-made clothes, fashion clothes, footwear, children’s wear, jewelry, cosmetics, perfume, souvenirs, electrical appliances, hi-fi and what not. Shop-assistants will help you to choose the right thing and show you the fitting rooms, where you can try on a dress, a suit or any other article of clothes. They will accept your payment and wrap a purchase for you. Customers can pay for their purchase in cash, by cheque or by a bank card. It’s very convenient especially in case you buy something expensive. If people don’t have enough money to buy a thing they want they can borrow money from the bank. Of course, if a bank lends you money, it checks your credit and asks for guarantees. It charges some money for its services as well. On the other hand, a customer has an opportunity to choose a bank where the charge is reasonable. Some people prefer to open a bank account and put their money in the bank to save the sum which is necessary to make a purchase. Modern shopping centres combine shopping and fun. They often look like a city under one roof where you can find cinemas, restaurants, cafes, theme parks with rides, amusements and games. Customers can do their hair at beauty salons, send a telegram or a letter at a post-office and choose a holiday abroad at a travel agency. However, there are people who prefer to do their shopping at a corner shop. These shops are usually situated in the neighbourhood and work long hours, so a customer can go there even at night. Certainly, a range of goods is not as wide as in supermarkets, but the service here is more personal because the shop-assistants who work there usually know their customers very well and can sell things on credit. There is one more advantage – you don’t have to spend your time and money on transport to go to the city centre where the most popular supermarkets and department stores are often located. So any person can choose a place to go shopping to but it sounds like a good idea to go window-shopping first to find the thing you really need at a reasonable price.*

*Контроль понимания прочитанного:*

*What do you associate money with? What kinds of shops are mentioned in the text? What goods can you buy: at the baker’s, at the green grocer’s, at the confectionary shops?*

*How can you pay for goods?*

*Money is not only bills and coins. Nowadays we have different kinds of money. Why and when do we use these types of money? Choose the type of money for each situation and explain your choice. (см. презентацию к уроку) Your homework is to retell the text Thank you for your work today. You all did a good job! Thank you for the lesson goodbye!*